$\forall$ VAMAHACHI DENTAL

# (vis <br> PRODUCTCATALOG <br> 2021-2022 Ver. 1 

## Artificial Teeth



What is AC?
NEW ACE ANTE AOR
NAPERCE POSTERIOR.
EFUCERA AC POSTERIOR
MILLION POSTERIOR
FLAT AC POSTERIOR
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FX POSTERIOR
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## What is AC?

Acrylic resins are widely used ingredients in artificial teeth manufacturing generated through chemical reaction by apply ing polymerization initiator and heat to a monomer. Derived
from methyl methacrylate monomer (MMA), polymethyl methfrom methyl methacrylate monomer (MMA), polymethyl meth-
acrylate (PMMA) is a light material which does not significantly increase the weight of the denture and forms chemical bonding to a denture base as it is made of the same material. Having characteristic features of high translucency and ease of handling, it can be made into various shapes and shades.

In the modern era, people have become more health con scious and particular in choosing acrylic teeth suitable for the dental prosthesis, consequently we began to develop and sup-
ply high quality standard AC acrylic teeth products to meet the ply high quality standard AC acrylic teeth products to meet the
advancing market demand. Equipped with our decades o advancing market demand. Equipped with our decades of
experience in artificial teeth manufacturing and very strict com-
piance with quality standards, we were able to meet these expence with quality standards, we were able to meet these market demands. With primary focus on aesthetics, we have
meticulously engineered each tooth's layer and gradation to meticulously engineered each tooth's layer and gradation to
successtully manifest the natural appearance in shape, shade successfully manifest the natural appearance in shape, shade
and translucency. Our years of painstaking research and development and expertise in production process have led us to design the AC acrylic teeth with unparalleled resistance against everyday wear and tear.


On laboratory test trials, our AC acrylic teeth have shown outstanding resistance against stain and discoloration - thanks to our unique formulation and sophisticated polymerization technique which inhibits surface oxidation and tarnishing. All of these physical properties which are perfechy teeth, onto the ever evolving dental market.


In pursuit of matching individual teeth shape, dimension and colour, we have customized a variety of moulds and shades readily available when required. Each of which are devised to naturally resemble and function like the real teeth. We have tailored to reproduce the physical essence of a smile by the combined aid of realistic mamelon and fluorescence effects. While teeth alignment is constructively
harmonized to imitate the teeth-mouth feeling sensation, teeth occlusion is excellently corresponded to restore ideal mastication, harmonized to imitate the teeth-mouth feeling sensation, teeth occlusion is exceliently corresponded to restore ideal mastication,
improved chewing efficiency and enhanced denture stability. These attributes, together with its physical properties, have made our AC acrylic teeth recognized as the best choice in the dental market worldwide.

We hereby offer to you our competitive, well-known and globally trusted, high quality AC acrylic teeth.

NEW ACE ANTERIOR
Two-Layer Acrylic Resin Teeth


In full and partial denture cases, the resin teeth closely harmo nize in shape and color with natural teeth and can be
arranged, and the wax gum festooned without difficulty.

| Upper 23 Moulds |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Basic Form | Mould |  |  |  |
| Tapering | T1 | T2 | т3 | T4 |
|  | T5 | T6 |  |  |
| Tapering Long | T4 | T5 | T6 | T7 |
| Square | S2 | S3 | S4 | s5 |
|  | S6 | S7 | S8 |  |
| Square Short | SS2 | SS3 |  |  |
| Ovoid | 02 | O3 | 04 | 05 |
| Lower 12 Moulds |  |  |  |  |
| Mould |  |  |  |  |
| L2 | L3 | L4 | L5 | L6 |
| L7 | L8 | L9 | L10 | L11 |
| S3L | S4L |  |  |  |
| Shades | A1 | A2 | A3 | A3.5 |
|  | A4 | B1 | B2 | в3 |
|  | B4 | C1 | C2 | С3 |
|  | C4 | D2 | D3 | D4 |
|  | W0.5 |  |  |  |
| Packing | Upper | 6pos / SET : 16SET / BOX |  |  |

## NAPERCE POSTERIOR

Two-Layer Acrylic Resin Teeth


Packing
The cusp angle of NAPERCE POSTERIOR is $30^{\circ}$
EFUCERA AC POSTERIOR
Two-Layer Acrylic Resin Teeth


Packing
The cusp angle of EFUCERA AC POSTERIOR is $20^{\circ}$

## MILLION POSTERIOR

One-Layer Acrylic Resin Teeth


Upper
Lower
8pcs / SET : 12SET / BOX
The cusp angle of MILLION POSTERIOR is $33^{\circ}$.
FLAT AC POSTERIOR
Two-Layer Acrylic Resin Teeth


Packing
The cusp angle of FLAT AC POSTERIOR is $0^{\circ}$.

| Combination Table |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| new Ace anterior |  | NAPERCE POSTERIOR | Efucera ac posterior | miLLIon Posterior | FLAT AC POSTERIOR |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  |  |
| T1 | L2 | M30 | 28 | 29 | . |
| T2 | L2 | M30 | 30 | 29 | 30 |
| тз | L6 | M32 | 30 | 31 | 30 |
| T4 | L4 | M30 | 30 | 30 | 30 |
| T5 | L7 | M32 | 32 | 31 | 32 |
| T6 | L7 | M32 | 34 | 32 | 34 |
| TL4 | L6 | M32 (M34) | 34 | 31 | 34 |
| TL5 | L8 | м33 (M34) | 34 | 32 | 34 |
| TL6 | L9 (L8) | M33 (M34) | 34 | 32 | 34 |
| TL7 | L11 | M34 | 34 | . | 34 |
| S2 | S3L | м30 | 28 | 29 | - |
| S3 | S4L | мзо | 30 | 29 | 30 |
| S4 | L4 | M32 | 32 | 30 | 32 |
| S5 | L5 | M32 | 34 | 30 | 34 |
| S6 | L6 | M32 (M34) | 34 | 31 | 34 |
| S7 | L7 | M34 (M36) | 34 | . | 34 |
| S8 | L10 | M36 | 36 | - | . |
| ss2 | S3L | M28 | 28 | 29 | . |
| ss3 | S4L | м30 | 30 | 29 | 30 |
| 02 | S3L | M28 | 28 | 29 | - |
| оз | L3 | M30 | 30 | 30 | 30 |
| 04 | S4L | M32 | 32 | 31 | 32 |
| 05 | L6 | M32 | 34 | 32 | 34 |

## What is FX?

It is widely known that conventional acrylic teeth are susceptible to abrasion. Acrylic teeth gradually wear down in the mouth over time. This process acceler

Ates when the patient frequently eats abrasive foods. While maintaining the physical advantages of acrylic material, we made an attempt to improve the performance of our acrylic teeth by incorporating unique filler. Through extensive
research, we identified all possible ingredients and variations, which were tested research, we identified all possible ingredients and variations, which were tested
to withstand our manufacturing process and then subjected to laboratory trials. One filler demonstrated excellent performance and became part of our new formulation called FX.

Both $A C$ and $F X$ uses high quality acrylic material with the same degree of resistance property to stain and discoloration. The presence of fillers in acrylic rect proportion of our unique filler, FX formulation negates the effects of staining agents. We have also customized a variety of moulds and shades exclusively for the FX line that are readily available. These moulds, different in
design to that of $\mathrm{AC}, \mathrm{NS}$ and PX , offers a range of selection when a particular mould desired is cannot be found in $\mathrm{AC}, \mathrm{NS}$ or PX teeth We have also customized a variety of moulds and shades exclusively for the FX line that are readily available. These moulds, different in
design to that of $\mathrm{AC}, \mathrm{NS}$ and PX , offers a range of selection when a particular mould desired is cannot be found in $\mathrm{AC}, \mathrm{NS}$ or PX teeth line.


FX ANTERIOR
Two-Layer Highly Performed Acrylic Resin Teeth


FX ANTERIOR is a full 3 -D reproduction of natural teeth with improved labial ridge to emphasize the labial surface morphology. Arrangements
duplicating natural teeth are possible.

## FX POSTERIOR

Two-Layer Highly Performed Acrylic Resin Teeth



Packing Aame
The cusp angle of FX P
8pcs / SET : 12SET/BOX

Compared to conventional acrylic teeth, FX , with a hardness of $\mathrm{Hv}=24$, is stronger by as much as $20 \%$ against abrasion. This quality translates to stronger resistance against everyday wear and tear and therefore longer. $F X$ is available
in Efucera $F X, 20$ degree, and $F X$ Posterior, 30 degree, to enhance chewing efficiency in a variety of cases.

We hereby offer to you our high performance, revolutionized FX acrylic resin teeth.


| Combination Table |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FX ANTERIOR |  | FX POSTERIOR |  |
| Upper | Lower | M28 |  |
| T4 | LB4 | M30 |  |
| T5 | LB5 | M32 |  |
| T6 | LB6 | M33 (M34) |  |
| T7 | LB7 | M30 |  |
| S4 | LA4 | M30 |  |
| S5 | LB6 | M |  |
| S6 | LB7 | M33 (M34) |  |
| S7 | LA7 | M33 (M34) |  |
| SS4 | LB4 | M28 |  |
| SS5 | LB5 | M30 |  |
| SS6 | LA6 | M32 |  |
| SS7 | LB7 | M33 (M34) |  |
| C4 | LA4 | M30 |  |
| C5 | LA5 | M30 |  |
| C6 | LA6 | M33 (M34) |  |
| C7 | LA7 | M33 (M34) |  |

## What is NS?

For decades, we have been supplying the global dental market both with acrylic teeth and composite teeth. Throughout our experience, we have noticed that acrylic teeth users tend to seek acrylic teeth of higher quality than what they are using. While composite teeth users tend to seek alternative
material of comparable quality, more affordable and resistant against staining agents. With this market need, we have searched for the most suitable material in order to fill the gap between conventional acrylic and composite teeth in
terms terms of quality performance and competitiveness in the market.

Addressing the stain susceptibility issue of composite teeth, we have chosen to keep the acrylic nature of the desired artificial teeth material while wosen to keep the acrylic nature of the desired artificial teeth material. While we also
know that incorporating large amount of filler in the acrylic material to enhance its physical properties would make it susceptible to stains. Along with our years of research, we have found the right material of desired quality that has ed us to the development of a new artificial teeth product line called hard acrylic NS.


Unlike AC or FX , embedded inside the NS are very minute particles called nanosilica that made its polymer matrix structure more compact and tougher. These nano-sized Silica particles strengthen the bonding between polymer strands making it harder and resistant
against abrasion. Possessing hardness of $\mathrm{Hv}=25$, performance test showed that NS is $60 \%$ stronger than conventional acrylic material against abrasion. Thus, NS has opened the opportunity for users, who are not quite satisfied with conventional acrylic resin teeth, a higher quality and competitive three-layer alternative choice.


The market demand for PX moulds at competitive level has been in our list for many years. This demand has made us to decide creating NS moulds the same as those of PX and made available in complete VITA shades.

We hereby offer to you new NS that will challenge the smile of the industry!

## CROWN NS ANTERIOR

Three-Layer Hard Acrylic nanoSilica-Reinforced Resin Teeth


CROWN NS ANTERIOR is a 3D-digital reproduction of natural anterior teeth. It eatures solid moulds with supplementary labio-lingual width and emphasized tubercle protrusion to render space clearance provided for easy adjustments and strong clutching on the lingual gum, respectively.

## EFUCERA NS POSTERIOR

Three-Layer Hard Acrylic nanoSilica-Reinforced Resin Teeth


| Mould | Upper / Lower |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 28 | 30 | 32 | 34 | 36 |
| Shades | A1 | A2 | A3 |  | А 3.5 |
|  | A4 | B1 | B2 |  | вз |
|  | B4 | C1 | C2 |  | сз |
|  | C4 | D2 | D3 |  | D4 |
|  | wo. 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Packing | Upper Lower | 8pcs / SET : 12SET/BOX |  |  |  |

The cusp angle of EFUCERA NS POSTERIOR is $20^{\circ}$.

| Combination Table |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CROWN NS ANTERIOR |  | EFUCERA NS POSTERIOR |
| Upper | Lower |  |
| T41 | N32 | 30 |
| T51 | N42 | 34 |
| T61 | N61S | 28 |
| T41S | N32 | 30 |
| T51S | N42 | 34 |
| T61S | N61S | 30 |
| S51 | N42 | 34 |
| S71 | N71L | 36 |
| S81 | N81 | 28 |
| S43S | N41 | 28 |
| S44S | N41 | 28 |
| S41S | N32 | 28 |
| S42S | N31 | 30 |
| S52S | N42 | 30 |
| S51S | N42 | 34 |
| S61S | N61S | 28 |
| O41 | N32 | 28 |
| O31S | N31S | 32 |
| O51S | N61S | 32 |
| O61S | N61S | 32 |
| C41 | N41 | 32 |
| C42 | N41 | 28 |
| C51 | N42 | 30 |
| C61 | N61S |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

What is PX?
Acrylic resin teeth are widely known for their beauty in shades and shapes despite of the fact that their surface property deteriorates through long time of
use. In order to address this weakness, we have been supplying composite resin use. In order to address this weakness, we have been supplying composite resin
teeth in the dental market. While it is true that composite resin teeth are much teeth in the dental markel. While it is tue tiah composite resin teeth are much harder than those of acrylics, Which prove high endurance e co cinical use, hey are
much susceptible to stains. Composite resin teeth, in general, consist of stain-causing components - Urethane dimethacrylate (UDMA) and/or Bisphenol A-glycidyl methacrylate (Bis-GMA) or Bis-GMA analog, and filler. Recognizing these inherent weaknesses of both acrylics and composites, we made an attempt
to remediate this problem.

Our endeavor of producing high endurance and stain resistant resin teeth made-up of single composite material has been realized through the development of PX. Possessing a hardness of $\mathrm{Hv}=45, \mathrm{PX}$ is more than 5 times stronger against abrasion which translates in superior protection against wear and tear,
and much longer life on usage compared to acrylic materials. Our PX is the hardest composite resin teeth around the world!







After testing stain-repelling agents that are compatible with our production process and PX formulation, one exceptional fluorine-containing monomer showed
satisfactory results. This monomer acts as teeth surface shield against satisfactory results. This monomer acts as teeth surface shield against stain-causing agents, and thus protects the stain susceptible composite malis,
Through clinical testing it has been proven that PX is twice as hard as acrylics, while demonstrating a similar stain resistance capacity as acrylics.The superior qualities exhibited by PX guided us to advanced composite resin teeth
technology. technology.

We hereby offer to you the hardest and stain resistant composite resin teeth you We hereby offer to you

CROWN PX ANTERIOR
Three-Layer Composite Resin Teeth


CROWN PX ANTERIOR is a 3D-digital reproduction of natural anterior teeth. It features solid moulds with supplementary labio-lingual width and emphasized tubercle protrusion to render
space clearance provided for easy adjustments and strong clutching on the lingual gum, respectively.

## SOLUUT PX ANTERIOR

Three-Layer Composite Resin Teeth


With SOLUUT PX ANTERIOR, the cervical and incisal area of the Anterior are emphasized in order to render natural appearance and secured with sufficient dentin layers in order to avoid unnecessary translucency effect, respectively.

| Upper 24 Moulds |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Basic Form | Mould |  |  |  |
| Tapering | T4 | T5 | T6 | T7 |
| Square | S4 | S5 | S6 | S7 |
| Square Short | ss4 | Ss5 | ss6 | S87 |
| Ovoid | 04 | 05 | 06 | 07 |
| Combination | C4 | C5 | c6 | C7 |
| Combination SP | CSP4 | CSP5 | CSP6 | CSP7 |


| Lower 8 Moulds |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mould |  |  |  |  |
| L4 | L5 | L6 |  | L7 |
| LS4 | Ls5 | Ls6 |  | LS7 |
| Shades | A1 | A2 | Аз | A3.5 |
|  | A4 | B1 | B2 | в3 |
|  | B4 | ${ }^{0} 1$ | c2 | c3 |
|  | c4 | D2 | D3 | D4 |
|  | wo. 5 |  |  |  |
| Packing | Upper Lower | 6pcs / SET: 16SET / BOX |  |  |

## EFUCERA PX POSTERIOR

Three-Layer Composite Resin Teeth


The cusp angle of EFUCERA PX POSTERIOR is $20^{\circ}$.

## EFUCERA PX



Full Balanced Form


Setting Line

(Ideal Anatomic Proximate) IAP Face Occlusal ridges have been eccentrically Imaginary setting line is reserved for the To aesthetically harmonize the teeth positioned in order to achieve full occlusal technician's own denture arrangement in arrangement from the anterior tooth to the
equilibrium. Contact points, $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}$ and C , on response for patient's distinct requirement. molar part, the buccal side has one- tooth to the occlusal surface are designed for Thus, this design is mostly applicable for two-tooth overlapping relationship. enhanced denture stability. Contact points, A and C , are reserved for lateral move-
ments during mastication. ment with respect to its conse ue arrange teeth.

| Combination Table |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CROWN PX ANTERIOR |  | EFUCERA PX POSTERIOR |
| Upper | Lower |  |
| T41 | N32 | 30 |
| T51 | N42 | 34 |
| T61 | N61S | 28 |
| T41S | N32 | 30 |
| T51S | N42 | 34 |
| T61S | N61s | 30 |
| S51 | N42 | 34 |
| S71 | N71L | 36 |
| S81 | N81 | 28 |
| S43S | N41 | 28 |
| S44S | N41 | 28 |
| S41S | N32 | 28 |
| S42S | N31 | 30 |
| S52S | N42 | 30 |
| S51S | N42 | 34 |
| S61S | N61S | 28 |
| O41 | N32 | 28 |
| O31S | N31S | 32 |
| O51S | N61S | 32 |
| O61S | N61S | 32 |
| C41 | N41 | 28 |
| C42 | N41 | 30 |
| C51 | N42 |  |
| C61 | N61S | 34 |
|  |  |  |


| Combination Table |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| solut | ERIOR | EFUCERA PX POSTERIOR |
| Upper | Lower |  |
| T4 | L4 | 28 |
| T5 | L5 | 30 |
| т6 | L6 | 32 |
| T7 | L7 | 32 |
| S4 | L4 | 28 |
| s5 | L5 | 30 |
| S6 | L6 | 32 |
| S7 | L7 | 32 |
| SS4 | LS4 | 28 |
| ss5 | Ls5 | 30 |
| ss6 | Ls6 | 32 |
| ss7 | Ls7 | 32 |
| 04 | LS4 | 28 |
| 05 | Ls5 | 30 |
| 06 | Ls6 | 32 |
| 07 | Ls7 | 32 |
| C4 | L4 | 28 |
| C5 | L5 | 30 |
| c6 | L6 | 32 |
| C7 | L7 | 32 |
| CSP4 | L4 | 28 |
| CSP5 | L5 | 30 |
| CSP6 | L6 | 32 |
| CSP7 | L7 | 32 |

## Artificial Teeth Package Variety



## Artificial Teeth Package Variety

## PCS Form Package

## What is Pieces Form?

New Bulk Package - Making Big Small. While not only pursuing improvements in the quality of our artificial teeth, we also focused on the most efficient for of packing to you give you more space and easy access. With Pieces Form, the teeth are now free from their plastic plate and can be picked out easily and quickly.
There are 6 cell for Anterior and 8 cells for Posterior and each cell contains 20 teeth.
All the information you need is indicated on the side label.

Teeth can be picked//shaken out through the opening in the lid.
Turn the lid until the arrow points to the type you need. Then just shake out to dispense the tooth.

20 full conventional sets can now be stocked by piling 4 cases of Anterior Upper/Lower and Posterior Upper/Lower.
This is more efficient way of stocking your teeth.

Once used, the containers can be refilled with our Refill-Pack offering a more economic, efficient and waste reducing system.
The Refill-Pack contains 20 teeth per bag.



SHADE GUIDE AC Shade Guide for Acrylic Resin Teeth

## SHADE GUIDE NS

Shade Guide for Hard Acrylic Resin Teeth


SHADE GUIDE PX
Shade Guide for Composite Resin Teeth


Packing $\quad 1$ Unit $/ 6$-Pallet Drawer
Dimension 1 Unit (W285 × D310 $\times$ H220) mm
Each pallet has a capacity to accommodate 48 or 36 Yamahachi Anterior or Posterior sets, respectively.

## CAD/CAM Milling Materials



ARTESANO
PMMA BLOCK (with Pin)
PMMA BLOCK (wihhout Pin) for ROLAND DWX-4 ...
PMMA DISK
PMMA DISK ZZ
PMMA DISK AG
PMMA DISK AG
WAX DISK ........
WAX DISK...
WAX DISK $\alpha \cdot$
WAX DISK ZZ
WAX BLOCK (without Pin) for ROL...................................

20

| 20 |
| :--- |
| 20 |
| 20 |
| 21 |
| 21 |
| 21 |
| 22 |
| 22 |
| 22 |
| 23 |
| $\ldots$ |

## CAD/CAM Milling Materials

## ARTESANO

CAD/CAM Milling Hybrid Composite Resin Block Material


Physial Pitas


PMMA BLOCK (with Pin)
CAD/CAM Milling Acrylic Material


PMMA BLOCK (without Pin) for ROLAND DWX-4
CAD/CAM Milling Acrylic Material



## CAD/CAM Milling Materials

## PMMA DISK

CAD/CAM Milling Acrylic Material


PMMA DISK ZZ
CAD/CAM Milling Acrylic Material


## PMMA DISK AG

CAD/CAM Milling Acrylic Material


## CAD/CAM Milling Materials

## WAX DISK

CAD/CAM Milling Wax Material


WAX DISK $\alpha$
CADICAM Miling Wax Material


WAX DISK ZZ
CAD/CAM Milling Wax Material


## CAD/CAM Milling Materials

## WAX DISK AG

CAD/CAM Milling Wax Material


WAX BLOCK (without Pin) for ROLAND DWX-4
CAD/CAM Milling Wax Material



## Synthetic Resin



BASIS.
BASIS HI
BASIS TWIN CUR
BASIS FLOW II...
BASING RESIN and BASING RESIN a ...... 28
RE-FINE BRIGHT
PROVIFINE
PATTERN BRIGHT
PARTIAL BRIGHT
ORTHO BRIGHT ................
ORTHO BRIGHT COLOF
BASIS ELAST
BASIS ELAST

BASIS
Acrylic Resin for Denture Base


BASIS is strong and exceptionally durable heat-curing acrylic resin for denture
bases. It is comprised of various sized particles which reinforce denture solidity
and enhance the structure. An adaptable and enhance the structure. An adaptable
and aesthetically pleasing denture is and aesthetically pleasing denture is
achievable without any air bubble forma-
 achievable withou
tion or shrinkage.
Heat-Curing Method: Immerse the flask in a container of tap wate Apply heat gradually for about 30 minutes until boil. Let the resin completely cure for $30-40$ minutes in boiling water. Cool the flask for about 30 minutes at room temperature. Recover denture after cooling completely.

## BASIS HI

Acrylic Resin for Denture Base


Heat-Curing Method: Immerse the flask in a container of tap water. Apply heat until boil. Let the resin completely cure for $30-40 \mathrm{~min}$ utes (Curing time starts when the water with the flask has started to boil). Cool the flask for about 30 minutes at room temperature. Recover denture after cooling completely.

Features:

- High Impact Resistance. BASIS HI is a mixture of acrylic and elastomeric polymers exhibiting both the advantages of typical plastic and rubbery materials. These combined characteristics resulted in BASIS H1's superb durability
Excellent Temperature Stability. BASIS H acrylic elastomeric formulation is designed to with
Excellent Temperature Stability. BASIS HI acrylic elastomeric formulation is designed to withstand thermal effect during denture pro-Non-Creeping. The right proportion of copolymer's cross-linking prevents itet is preserved. mouth's stress. Longevity of denture is guaranteed
Outstanding Color Stability. The problem over color tarnishing and fading is prevented by BASIS H's stal Allows More Sufficient Working Time. An adaptable and aesthetically pleasing denture is achievable without any air bubble formation or shrinkage in a less working time.


## Synthetic Resin

## BASIS TWIN CURE

Heat Shock and Microwave-Curing Resin for Denture base


BASIS TWIN CURE is a denture base resin material applicable for both Heat Shock and Microwave-Curing methods. An adaptable, aesthetically pleasing and void -free denture is achievable without any air bubble formation or shrinkage in a less working time.
minutes. Cool the flask for about 30 minutes at room temperature. minutes. Cool the fiask for about 30 min
Recover denture after cooling completely.
Microwave-Curing Method: Put the flask ${ }^{*}$ into the microwave machine at 500 W and cure for 3 minutes. In case where metal wire (clasp, etc.) is used, invest plaster and put water (about 180 mL ) on
the side of flask and then apply the microwave. Recover denture after cooling completely. *Use SS FRP microwave-curing flask.
Using conventional denture base resin, formation of void spaces translate into denture porosity thus prone to fractures, cracks and deformations. BASIS TWIN CURE eliminates void spaces formation that causes denture mechanical failures.


## Synthetic Resin

## BASIS FLOW II

Multipurpose Self-Curing Pourable Acrylic Resin


BASIS FLOW II is a multipurpose pour-
able cold-curing acrylic resin that allows
for sufficient working time and shortens
total processing time.
Pressure-Curing Method: Pressurepolymerize the resin for $30-60$ minutes at $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 0.2 MPa in a pressure pod.


BASING RESIN and BASING RESIN $\alpha$
Self-Curing Acrylic Resin for Custom Trays and Base Plates


BASING RESIN and BASING RESIN $\alpha$ are self-curing, non-adhesive resins for base plates and individual trays. Non-adhesiveness offers moulding by spatula or fingers possible. BASING RESIN $\alpha$ is spe-
cially formulated for firmer adherence and easy handling of wax on bases and trays.


Pernent * Hardening time value using prescribed powderliguid mixing ratio at $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Hardening time at lower and higher room temperature will become longer Hard shing ter, respectively.
and


## RE-FINE BRIGHT

Fast Setting Self-Curing Resin


RE-FINE BRIGHT is a self-curing resin with excellent anti-discolor-
ation properties - conventional problem of tarnishing is avoided and
ation properties - conventional problem of tarnishing is avoided and transparency retained. Component particles are of various sizes -
strengthening, bonding and enhancing other physical properties strengthening, bonding and enhancing other physical properties.
Superior shaving and cutting is possible. Enhanced operation - as desired cutting is achieved by uninhibited revolutions of bars and points, and exceptional mixing ability of the powder and liquids results in accurate reproductions.

## Synthetic Resin

## PROVIFINE

Fast Setting Self-Curing Resin


PROVIFINE is a self-curing resin with improved physical properties.

| Packing |  | Type | Physical Properties |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Powder | Liquid |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Powder/ } \\ \text { Liquid } \\ \text { Mixing } \\ \text { Ratio, g:mL } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | *Hardening <br> Time <br> $\left.2^{2} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Working } \\ \text { Time } \end{gathered}$ | Flexural <br> Strength, MPa | Flexural Modulus, | Vickers Hardness, Hv | Sorption, | Solubility, | Residual <br> Monomer, <br> wt\% |
| $\begin{aligned} & 50 \mathrm{~g}, \mathrm{~g}, \\ & 250 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{100} \mathrm{~mL}$, <br> 260 mL | Normal | 100:50 | $4 \mathrm{m0s}$ | 1m 30s | 82 | 1,750 | 14.8 | 16 | 2.3 | 1.7 |
|  |  | Fast |  | 3m 30s | 1 m | 89 | 1,920 | 15.1 | 16 | 2.3 | 1.8 |
| Shades | Clear |  | LFPink |  | LF $\alpha$ |  | A1 |  |  |  |  |

* (LFPink and LF $\alpha$ are vein fibers-containing shades.)

Hardening time value using prescribed powderliquid mixing ratio at $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Hardening time at lower and higher room temperature will become longer and shorter, respectively.

Usage | $\cdot$ | $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Production of inlays, dental crowns and bridges } \\ \cdot\end{array}\right)$ Denture repairs |
| :--- | :--- |

Self-curing resin with High Liquidity at the Time of Pouring, Low Sagging, Easy to Build-Up at the Time of Brush Loading Good Operability • Aesthetics - Durability, Suitable for Provisional Restoration


PATTERN BRIGHT
Self-Curing Acrylic Resin for Patterns


PATTERN BRIGHT is a self-curing resin for various pattern applications. With its very low polymerization shrinkage, as minimum as
$0.72 \%$, a compatible and satisfactory pattern is achieved Hardenin $0.72 \%$, a compatible and satisfactory pattern is achieved. Hardening used, pattern production is made easy thanks to its excellent viscosity property. An almost no incineration residue results to smooth surface of the casting body, thus requires only minimal polishing.


Hardening time value using prescribed powderliquid mixing ratio at $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. and shorter, respectively.

PARTIAL BRIGHT
Self-Curing Acrylic Resin


Sefi-Curing Acryic Resin

owder and Liquid Retail Packing


Conditions: (Biliding-up Techique) Temperature $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ water, Pressure: 2
atm, Polymerization Time: 30 minutes Features:
Sets and cures in about 12 minutes, allowing for ample time to mould.

- No air bubbles formed when applied, (when using either the building-up, pouring or spraying technique) making it very easy to handle.
- Silicone core and plaster core are included for measuring convenience. No need for a flask.
Easily polished after setting, without burs and points being
obstructed. obstructed.


## Synthetic Resin

## ORTHO BRIGHT

Self-Curing Resin for Orthodontic Applications


| Packing | Powder | Liquid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { 1-1 Set } \\ \text { (Starter Kit) } \end{gathered}$ | 100 g | 70 mL |
|  | Accessories: (Silicon Cup, Cylinder Cup, Powder Container, Pipette) X 1 Each; Pipette Nozzle X 3 |  |
| Retail | 500 g | 250 mL (Pipette $\times 1$ ) |
| Shades | Clear | *Pink |
|  | *Pink: The liquid is Pink. |  |

## ORTHO BRIGHT COLOR

Self-Curing Resin for Orthodontic Applications


## ORTHO BRIGHT and ORTHO BRIGHT COLOR

## - Physical Property



- Methods of Use

Sprinkle Technique. Apply a separating agent for denture base to a plaster model. Perform preparation such as wax relief and fixing wires. Sprinkle e liquid onto the powder until basement is formed.
when the shine of the resin has disapeoared form the model using When the shine of the resin has disappeared, form the model using
fingers. When resin elasticity is felt, immerse in water at $40-50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ fingers. When resin elasticity is felt, immerse in water at $40-50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
(Placing in a pressure pot is recommended in order to minimize air
bubble formation.) bubble formation.)
Usage: All types of Splint, Functional Orthodontic Appliances, Deciduous Dentures, Temporary Dentures, Individual Trays

Features:
ime for complete polymerization reaction extends to abou 8 minutes allowing for sufficient working time.
Liquid monomer diffuses into the interstices of the polymer beads releasing tension - migrales evenly and then absorbs by the matrix to
form a homogenous fluid state. Diffusion of the liquid is like percola form a homogenous fluid state. Diftusion of the liquid is like percola
tion of water into the sand. Excellent viscosity prevents the mixture fluid from sagging or slopping allowing for accurate control and shap-- ing.

Superior hardness ideal for orthodontic applications.

Mixing Technique. Measure appropriate amount of powder and
liquid. Put powder into liquid and mix using spatula or mixing stick liquid. Put powder into liquid and mix using spatula or mixing stick.
Mix slowly to avoid air bubble formation. When the mix has turned into paste-like body, pour into model. When the shine of the resin has disappeared, form the model using fingers. Use Sprinkle
Techniaue for narrow parts. When resin elasticity is felt, immerse in water a $40-50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (Placing in a pressure pot is recommended in order to minimize air bubble formation.)
Resin Packing Technique. Follow Mixing Technique for prepara-
tion. When the resin reaches the doughy state, immediately lion. When the resin reaches the doughy state, immediately pack
into the flask. Press the flask by hydraulic press until polymerization is complete (operate pressing before the curing process starts, refer to hardening time).
Brush On Technique. Put appropriate amount of powder and liquid
to their corresponding containers. Wet the tip of the brush and dip to their corresponding containers. Wet the tip of the brush and dip
into the powder. Take desired amount of powder to suffice powder into the powder. Take desired amount of powder to suffice powder
load. Stack the load mixture until desired amount is achieved. Let
hard-polymerize Bigger brush is recommended for efficient results. hard-polymerize. Bigger brush is recommended for efficient results.

BASIS PC
Thermoplastic Resin Material for Denture Base (Polycarbonate)


BASIS PC is a new semi-flexible thermoplastic injection resin base
material
BASIS PC is allergic reaction-free, odorless and easy to polish. It is applicable for both full and partial dentures injection technique.

## ,

Balanced Strength
Basis PC mediates the gap between Nylon and Acrylic's strength characteris tics resulting in its exceptional and distinctive quality.


## Semi-Flexible

The concurrent proportion of Basis PC's new semi-flexible denture base material.


## Outstanding Stain Resistance

 Basis PC effectively resists stain similar to that of acrylics. High $\Delta \mathrm{E}^{\star}$ (Reflectance)and $\Delta \mathrm{E}^{\star}$ (Transmittance and $\Delta E^{*}$ (Transmittance) of Nylon indiand penetration of stain into the material, respectively (*The larger the $\Delta \mathrm{E}$, the


## Exceptional Water Sorption

 Highly hydrophobic functionality resists water sorption. Propagation of bacte-ria-causing odor is controlled. Minimal deformation in intra-oral environment for long period of use is guaranteed.


1 Nylon
2 Basis PC
High Impact Acrylic

## Superb Durabiity

Basis PC's hardness is proximate to that level of Nylon. Lower hardness, com
pared to acrylics, proves higher tenacity.


- Repairabl

| Repairable |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Material | Repair-ability* |
| Nylon | No |
| Basis PC | Yes |
| High Impact Acrylic | Yes |
| Conventional Acrylic | Yes |

epair-ability using self-curing acrylic res

## BASIS ELAST

Thermoplastic Resin Material for Denture Base (Nylon)


BASIS ELAST is a rigid-type and monomer-free (polyamido) Nylon denture base material with moderate elasticity suitable for non-metal
clasp denture applications. BASIS ELAST is a flexible material with sufficient hardness for easy polishing.

## ACRY PELLET

Thermoplastic Resin Material for Denture Base (Acrylic)


Injection Conditions:
Please set automatic oven at $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and use pellet after 6 hours composition allows it to be used for repairing with self-curing resin

Melting Temperature $275^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Dissolution Time 22 minutes
Working Pressure 9atm composition allows it to be used for

Working Pressure 9at
Flask Heating $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

## PARAFFIN WAX

Dental Use Paraffin Wax


- Moderate plasticity and toughness.
- Good crimping and retention of artificial teeth

ROLLING WAX
Dental Use Sprue Wax


## CARVING WAX

Dental Use Modeling / Waxing - up


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## BITE RIM STICK

Dental Use Pre-fabricated Wax for Occlusion Rims


| Packing |  |  | Length | Shade |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | S (Short) | L (Long) | 25 cm | Pink |
|  | 50 sticks / box (All sizes) |  |  |  |
| *sizes pertain to the arc length of the concavity |  |  |  |  |
| Features: <br> - Available in two sizes to appropriately fit the alveolar ridge's surface area <br> - No waste. One stick sufficient for ridges of two full dentures |  |  |  |  |

DIPPING WAX
Dental Use Coping Wax


## PRO UTILITY WAX

Dental Use Utility Wax


Features:

- Softr, adhering and expandable wax

Sltimate variety in utility waxes

## KOLBEN WAX

Dental Use Base Margin Forming Line Wax


| Packing | Size | Color |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (2.2diameter $\times 200) \mathrm{mm}$ | Red |

## Features:

The-saving base margin and shape moulding wax Easy to use and fix own design

BITE WAX PRE-CUT TYPE
Dental Use Pre-Cut Sheet Wax



PRO LINE WAX
Dental Use Pre-fabricated Casting Line Wax


Features:
Exceptionally recommended for casting alloys for bases, clasps and sprue lines.

- Optimum Elasticity. High endurance over breaking on Curve applications
Superior welding abilities and applicable for wide range of uses
Mediated Casting Flow. Glossy and smooth surface allows casting metal to flow easily

| PRO LINE WAX Form and Packing |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type | Shape | Diameter, mm | Height, | Usage | Packing, pcs/box |
| YR 05 | . | (0.5) | - | Resin retaining Line of Metal Bases and Vents | 120 |
| YR 07 | - | (0.7) | - |  |  |
| YR 10 | - | (1.0) | - |  |  |
| YR 12 | - | (1.2) | - | Sprue Line of Crowns, Bridges and Inlays | 120 |
| YR 15 | - | (1.5) | - |  |  |
| YR 20 | - | (2.0) | - |  |  |
| YR 25 | - | (2.5) | - |  | 60 |
| YR 32 | - | (3.2) | - | Sprue Lines of Metal Bases | 30 |
| YR 35 | - | (3.5) | - |  |  |
| YR 40 | - | (4.0) | - |  |  |
| YR 50 | $\bigcirc$ | (5.0) | - |  | 12 |
| YR 60 | $\bigcirc$ | (6.0) | - |  | 10 |
| YH 14 | - | 1.4 | 1.1 | Clasps | 120 |
| YH 16 | - | 1.6 | 1.1 |  |  |
| YH 18 | - | 1.8 | 1.1 |  |  |
| YH 19 | - | 1.9 | 1.0 |  |  |
| YH22 | - | 2.2 | 1.2 |  |  |
| YH28 | - | 2.8 | 1.1 |  |  |
| YPI | $\square$ | 4.0 | 1.0 | Palatal Bars | 60 |
| YPII | $\square$ | 4.0 | 1.5 |  |  |
| YLI | $\square$ | 3.1 | 1.4 | Lingual Bars | 60 |
| YLII | 4 | 3.5 | 2.0 |  |  |

Separating Agent and Cleansing Agent



Separating Agent and Cleansing Agent


Separating Agent and Cleansing Agent


TRAY CLEANER (Powder)
Alginate Impression Materials Cleaning Agent


## POLISH CLEANER

Cleaning Liquid Exclusively for Ultrasonic Cleaners


TRAY WASH (Liquid)
Alginate Impression Materials Only Cleaning Agent


Tray Wash is for rapid removal of alginate 1000 mL Tray Wash is for rapid removal of alginate impres-
sion material adhered to trays. It is an excellent corrosion resistance agent tor aluminum, nickel and chromium-plated trays. Usage: Dilute with water by 10 apars. For severe
dirtapplication, please dilute with water by 5 parts.

MIRROR CLEANER
Rouge-Type Abrasives Cleaning Liquid


## CLEAN UP

Non-Heating Gold and Palladium Alloys Cleaning Liquid


PIPE CLEAN (Liquid)
Dental Drain Pipes Cleaner


Plaster and Investment Materials


FINE STONE
FINE ROCK ...................
CRISTO HEAT SHOCK

## FINE STONE <br> Plaster for Hard Models



## DENTAL PLASTER

Plaster for Dental Use


## NEO WHITE

Dental Phosphate－Bonded Casting Investment Material


Uses：Partial Denture Bases，Bars and Clasps
Features：
Minimal burning on casting surface，post－casting polishing dramatically reduced．
Casting easily cut from investment，therefore no damage tra


Cristobalite Investment Materials for Rapid Heating


Accurate casting investment material for gold
and palladium alloys． Accurate casting in
and palladium alloys
Technical Data $\left(23 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$

Mixing Ratio（Powder／Water） \begin{tabular}{l|l}
Mixing Ratio（Powder／Water） \& $100 \mathrm{~g} / 35 \mathrm{~mL}$ <br>
\hline Hardening Time \& 15 min <br>
\hline

 

Hardening Time \& 15 min <br>
\hline Hardening Expansion \& $0.5 \%$ <br>
\hline Thermal Expansion \& $1.4 \%$ <br>
\hline Compression Streng \& 4.0 MPa <br>
\hline
\end{tabular} Packing

## Precious Alloys， Non－Precious Alloys，Alloy Wires




## Precious Alloys, Non-Precious Alloys, Alloy Wires

## NEORIUM S (Soft)

Dental Casting Cobalt Chrome Alloy
(Exclusively for High
Frequency Casting Machines)

## NEORIUM H (Hard)

 Dental Casting Cobalt Chrome Alloy (Exclusively for HighFrequency Casting Machines)


NEORIUM S and NEORIUM H
Cautions: in Argon Gas Atmospheric Melting Chambers only

- Not for use in Arc Casting Chambers

Uses: Full Denture Bases, Partial Denture Bases,
Bars and Clasps Features:
Difficult to break, fifexible casting achievable.
Therefore the amount of adjusting to prevent nerefore the amount of adiusting
casting defects is greatly decreased.
Extractability trom the investment material is ex-
enlent. Sspecially effective when used with Y . cellent. Especially effective when used with Ya-
mahachi investment Neoowhite, the casting is manachi investment Neowhite, the casting is
easily removed from the investment material. Hard to
adjusted.
Due to sufficient elongation property, production of supple and hard to b break casting is possibile. Neoriu
ents.
Compared to the dissolution method of produc-
tion, the powder sintering method of production Compared to the e dissolution method of produc-
tion, the powder sintering method of production
improves the alloy's improves the alloy's physical properties
because it utilizes more nitrogen and contained because
stably.

Less deterioration even after reuse \begin{tabular}{c|c|c|c|}
\hline Neorium S \& Vigini Material \& Fists Reuse \& Second Seuse <br>
\hline Elongation, \% \& 13.8 \& 11.5 \& 12.1 <br>
\hline

 

Elongation, \% \& 13.8 \& 11.5 \& 12.1 <br>
\hline Hardness, Hv \& 360 \& 363 \& 362 <br>
\hline Tensiles Stenght, MPa \& 902 \& 855 \& 863 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

 | Elongation, \% | 8.8 | 8.5 | 8.6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Hardness, Hv | 401 | 397 | 399 |
| Tensile Stength, MPa | 928 | 879 | 907 | Pellets are available in coin and cylindrical



## Abrasive Materials / Polishing Materials



BRAZING DIA HP
50
CFP HOLDER
50
CERAMIC FIBER PO
SILICONE BIG ....
TWISTER WHEEL ................
NEW SILICONE POINTS
MANDREL CYLINDERS.
51
MANDREL CYLINDERS
$\begin{array}{r}52 \\ 52 \\ \hline\end{array}$
URETHANE BIG
ART POLISHER
YAMAHACHI CUTTING DISK
DIAMOND BRUSH
HOG(High Quality) HAIR BRUSH
HOG HAIR BRUSH
MIRROR BUF
MILLION BUFF.
MANDRELS \#303
MP POWDEF
MP BUFF .
CREAMY SAND
CREAMY SAND
SULFONE SAND
SULFONE SAND
GLASS BEADS
ALUMINOUS................
POLISHING POWDE
GRAZE POWDE
SILKY SHINE
SILKY SHINE
BLUE SHINE.
TIGER MULTI MIN
TIGER MULTI MINI . ARTE SHINE..

| ......................................... |
| :---: |

Abrasive Materials / Polishing Materials

## BRAZING DIA HP

Dental Use Diamond Polisher


Uses: Modification Polisher for Porcelain
Features:
Excellent Polishing Ability. Polishing surface made with sharp diamond - High Clogging Resistance. Diamond grain and physical object have large surface contaci.

- High Duraibity. High hemical stability and mechanical retention of dia-
mond grains during brazing.

| Packing | Type | Coarseness | Working Speed | Color Code |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 pc | $1,2,3,6,7$ | Medium, Fine | Max. 30,000 rom | Blue $/$ Medium |
|  |  |  |  |  |



## CFP HOLDER

Dental Use Mandrel


## CERAMIC FIBER POINT

Dental Use Polisher


Uses:

- Polishing around pit fissures of inlay crowns
- Removal of air bubble inside the crown or clas
- Removal of air bubble inside the crown or clasp
- Fine adjustment or modification of resin and metal base or attachment

Features:

- Sharas auminan fiber always protrudes on the surface allowing for excellent abrasion.
- Alumina fiber filled in high density packing to achieve cloging and mina - Alumina fiber filled in igh density packing to achieve clogging and minimal heat

Uniiom-sized Alumina fibers packed in high density for reduced consumption. - Does not break even at thineer diameter because of balanced required elasticity. Attention: Operate at less than 20,000 rpm. Follow the instruction of the
hand-piece machine and check it the material is properly fixed. Check it hand-piece machine and check it ine material is properly ilied. Checkif
material revoves evenly before use. Wear eye protector, mask for safe material revolves evenily betore use. Wear eye protector, mal
use. Do not use the procuct other than indicated by the manual.

## Abrasive Materials / Polishing Materials

## SILICONE BIG

Silicone Big Points


Features:

- Excellent
Excellent durabiilty and stability.
Wear occurs evenly and slowly
is exceptional.
Seven varieties are available
Unrivalled cost pertor


TWISTER WHEEL
Silicone Wheels


## Abrasive Materials / Polishing Materials

## NEW SILICONE POINTS II

Silicone Polisher


## URETHANE DISK

Urethane Wheels


## URETHANE BIG <br> Urethane Big Points

## MANDREL CYLINDERS

Dental Use Mandrels



Features:
. Wobble-Free Polish. Stable rotation and fine cushion from advanced Japanese technology result in ultra-smooth polishing experience.

- fficient Efficient Bubble Bufter. Heat-absorbing sponge-like polisher allows for heat-guarded and extended wear polishing. . . Multi-Purpose Polisher. Highly effective polisher for wide range of applications: soft lining materials, mouthguards, splints, nylon, acrylic resin and metals.


## Abrasive Materials / Polishing Materials



## Polishers / Cutting Materials

## DIAMOND BRUSH

Coarse Polishing Brush for Acrylic and Sulfonamide Resin


Features:
Features:

- Fibeerbush is made up of specially formulated chemical fiber material that
is static electricity inett - does not become is static electricity inert - odes not become dusty during polishing.
Brush contains polishing powder material for fine polishing perform - Bush contains polishing powder material for fine polishing pertormance. Packing



## HOG HAIR BRUSH

Dental Polisher Hog Hair Lathe Brush


HOG(High Quality) HAIR BRUSH Dental Polisher Horse Hair Lathe Brush


Features: Center hub is made of solid wood resulting in minimal bristle loss. - Bristle is made up of fine elastic material to assure good polishing contact
resulting in excellent cleaning.

Packing Type


| 1 | 2 | 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Polishers / Cutting Materials



## Polishers / Cutting Materials



## POLISHING POWDER

Dental Medium Polishing Powder


## GRAZE POWDER

Dental Finish Polishing Material


## SILKY SHINE

Dental Use Polisher


KYY SHIN 00


## BLUE SHINE

Dental Final Polishing Paste
Uses: Composite Resin, Metal Alloys and Acrylic mater

| Exeaturestional polishing power, effortless luster |
| :--- | Exceptionalt piish

Odorless results in comfortable polishing expe
rience.
Efficient cleaning saves polishing time
$\stackrel{\text { Note: }}{\text { - }}$ -
Perform medium polishing appropriately be-
fore using ELUE SHINE.
Tore using BLUE SHINE.
Too much use of polishing paste reduces pol-
ishing efticiency - Too much use of


## Polishers / Cutting Materials

## TIGER MULTI

Dental Medium Multi-Purpose
Polishing Material


TIGER MULTI MINI
Dental Medium Multi-Purpose Polishing Material


Uses: Titanium Alloys, Pure Titanium, CobaltChromium Alloy, Hard-Soft Metals and Resin Features

- Compact, easy to handle Tiger Multi Mini-type. directly uses dirt-resistant plastic container

TIGER MULTI GOLD Dental Medium Multi-Purpose Polishing Material

Uses: Gold Alloy, Silver Alloy and Gold-Silver-
Palladium Alloy Polisher
Features:
applicable both for scratco ing and glazing of precious metal tighly efficient in polishing precious metal for shiny results.
In precious metal polishing, excessive thinning - In precious metal polishing,
during polishing sis reduced. during polishing sis reduced.

## ARTE SHINE

Dental Final Polishing Paste


Uses: Final polishing
Range of Use: Zirconia/Porcelain/Glass ceramic /CAD/CAM /Hybrid Resin/ Hard Resin/
Image of Proper usage


【Usage Example】 Steps for polishing with ARTESANO


Laboratory Equipments


LAB SCOPE S
LABO SCOPE S ACCESSORIES .
60
60

## LAB SCOPE S

Microscope for Dental Lab Technician


## LABO SCOPE S ACCESSORIES



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LED CIRCLE LIGHT (100V)

$\qquad$ ustomers without the joint adapter order to attach Mini Circle Light.
Usage
Inspection of impression and plaster model surfaces
Confirmation of margins after waxing and casting - Contirmation of margins after waxing and casting

Inspection of interiors and exteriors of metal bonded porcelain crowns
Confirmation of the shititing areas on resin and porcelain

$\qquad$

## Attachment



Attachment
What is KUGEL HOOK?
KUGEL HOOK offers solution for two aspects of dental application, namely tooth lose and denture mechanical stability. There are situations where decaying or severely damaged tooth has turned beyond repair. In his
ety of products are available which promotes mechanical stability of the denture relative to its surrounding mouth and gum. These include abutments, llasps and proces. This is the conventional process of resolving issueses from tooth lose to denture replacement.
On the other hand, KUGEL HOOK has been conceptualized in order to alternatively abridge tooth lose and denture mechanical stability relationship. Alon the process, instead of losing the tooth - K UGEL HOOK invokes utilization of its base
ing the tooth completely, the gum integrity and natural teeth alignment are preserved.


KUGEL HOOK is composed of male and female parts. The male part is used as the bolt impression of the tooth base for metal casting. The metal casting is cemented intot the excavatad tooth acse. The plastin female part is precisely aftixed in the interior part of the denture using self-curing resin, as a socket, where the bolt is to be attached. It acts as a bolt-and-socket device between supposedly gum and denture and therefore guarantees denture mechanica stability against grinding and chewing


